

Lecture 9

Implementing a SAT Solver

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SAT Solver

- ▶ Decides Boolean satisfiability
 - ▶ Satisfiability of propositional logic formulas

- ▶ Usages:
 - ▶ Software and hardware verification
 - ▶ Automatic test case generation
 - ▶ Planning
 - ▶ Scheduling
 - ▶ ...

- ▶ Many popular solvers: minisat, picosat,...

Why SAT Solver?

- ▶ Well-specified and relatively simple input format
- ▶ Many other SAT solvers available
- ▶ Many benchmarks available
- ▶ Output is easy to check
- ▶ Problem people and companies care about
- ▶ We should be able to
 - ▶ Test, test, test
 - ▶ Write assertions
 - ▶ Debug, profile, optimize
 - ▶ Run other tools (valgrind!)
 - ▶ Do code reviews

Homework Assignment

- ▶ Implement a SAT solver
- ▶ Teams of 4:
 - ▶ Testing infrastructure
 - ▶ Input processing and error checking
 - ▶ Core algorithm (2 people)
- ▶ Profiling and optimizations
- ▶ Use github for team work (issues, good commit messages)
- ▶ Shuffling of teams and team members
- ▶ In-class SAT solver competition

Syntax of Propositional Logic (PL)

truth_symbol ::= \top (true), \perp (false)

variable ::= p, q, r, \dots

atom ::= truth_symbol | variable

literal ::= atom | \neg atom

formula ::= literal |

\neg formula |

formula \wedge formula |

formula \vee formula |

formula \rightarrow formula |

formula \leftrightarrow formula

Examples of PL Formulae

$$F: \top$$

$$F: p$$

$$F: \neg p$$

$$F: (p \wedge q) \rightarrow (p \vee \neg q)$$

$$F: (p \vee \neg q \vee r) \wedge (q \vee \neg r)$$

$$F: (\neg p \vee q) \leftrightarrow (p \rightarrow q)$$

$$F: p \leftrightarrow (q \rightarrow r)$$

Example

$$F: (p \wedge q) \rightarrow (p \vee \neg q)$$

$$I: \{p \mapsto 1, q \mapsto 0\}$$

(i.e., $I[p] = 1, I[q] = 0$)

p	q	$\neg q$	$p \wedge q$	$p \vee \neg q$	F
1	0	1	0	1	1

F evaluates to *true* under I or $I[F] = \text{true}$ or $I \models F$...

Interpretation I is a model of F

I satisfies F

Satisfiability and Validity

- ▶ F is satisfiable iff (if and only if) there exists I such that $I \models F$
 - ▶ Otherwise, F is unsatisfiable
- ▶ F is valid iff for all I , $I \models F$
 - ▶ Otherwise, F is invalid
- ▶ We write $\models F$ if F is valid
- ▶ Duality between satisfiability and validity:
 F is valid iff $\neg F$ is unsatisfiable

Note: only holds if logic is closed under negation

Decision Procedure for Satisfiability

- ▶ Algorithm that in some finite amount of computation decides if given PL formula F is satisfiable
 - ▶ NP-complete problem
- ▶ Modern decision procedures for PL formulae are called *SAT solvers*
- ▶ Naïve approach
 - ▶ Enumerate truth table
- ▶ Modern SAT solvers
 - ▶ DPLL algorithm
 - ▶ Davis-Putnam-Logemann-Loveland
 - ▶ Operates on Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF)

Normal Forms

- ▶ Negation Normal Form (NNF)
 - ▶ Only allows \neg , \wedge , \vee
 - ▶ Negation only in literals
- ▶ Disjunctive Normal Form (DNF)
 - ▶ Disjunction of conjunction of literals
- ▶ Conjunctive Normal Form (CNF)
 - ▶ Conjunction of disjunction of literals

DPLL Algorithm

- ▶ Davis–Putnam–Logemann–Loveland
- ▶ Introduced in 1962 by Martin Davis, Hilary Putnam, George Logemann, and Donald W. Loveland
- ▶ Refinement of earlier Davis–Putnam algorithm

Classical DPLL

- ▶ Searching for a model M for a given CNF formula F
 - ▶ Incrementally try to build a model M
 - ▶ Maintain state during search
- ▶ State is a pair $M \mid F$
 - ▶ F is a set of clauses and it doesn't change during search
 - ▶ M is a sequence of literals
 - ▶ No literals appear twice and no contradiction
 - ▶ Order does matter
 - ▶ Decision literals marked with l^d

Abstract Transition System

- ▶ Contains a set of rules of the form

$$M \mid F \Rightarrow M' \mid F'$$

denoting that search can move from state $M \mid F$ to state $M' \mid F'$

DPLL Rules – Extending M

▶ Propagate

$M \mid G, C \vee l \Rightarrow M, l \mid G, C \vee l$
if $M \models \neg C$ and l not in M

▶ Decide

$M \mid F \Rightarrow M, l^d \mid F$
if l or $\neg l$ in F and l not in M

DPLL Rules – Adjusting M

► Fail

$M \mid G, C \Rightarrow \text{fail}$

if $M \models \neg C$ and M contains no decision literals

► Backtrack

$M, l^d, N \mid G, C \Rightarrow M, \neg l \mid G, C$

if $M, l^d, N \models \neg C$ and N contains no decision literals

▶ Propagate

$M \mid G, C \vee l \Rightarrow M, l \mid G, C \vee l$
if $M \models \neg C$ and l not in M

▶ Decide

$M \mid F \Rightarrow M, l^d \mid F$
if l or $\neg l$ in F and l not in M

▶ Fail

$M \mid G, C \Rightarrow fail$
if $M \models \neg C$ and M contains no decision literals

▶ Backtrack

$M, l^d, N \mid G, C \Rightarrow M, \neg l \mid G, C$
if $M, l^d, N \models \neg C$ and N contains no decision literals

DPLL Example 1

\emptyset | $\neg p \vee q \vee r, p, \neg q \vee r, \neg q \vee \neg r, q \vee r, q \vee \neg r$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset | $\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset | $\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset | $\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)

p^d | $\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset | $\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
 p^d | $\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset	$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d	$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q	$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset	$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d	$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q	$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate s)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide t)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate $\neg u$)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide p)
p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate q)
p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate $\neg u$)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d, \neg u$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$	

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p^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate q)
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p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate $\neg u$)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d, \neg u$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Backtrack)

DPLL Example 2

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p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Propagate $\neg u$)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d, \neg u$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$ (Backtrack)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, \neg t$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$

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p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate $\neg u$)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d, \neg u$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Backtrack)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, \neg t$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide u)

DPLL Example 2

\emptyset		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide p)
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p^d, q		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide r)
p^d, q, r^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate s)
p^d, q, r^d, s		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide t)
p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Propagate $\neg u$)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, t^d, \neg u$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Backtrack)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, \neg t$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q \Rightarrow$	(Decide u)
$p^d, q, r^d, s, \neg t, u^d$		$\neg p \vee q, \neg r \vee s, \neg t \vee \neg u, u \vee \neg t \vee \neg q$	

Modern SAT Solvers: DPLL+more

- ▶ Backjumping
- ▶ Dynamic variable ordering
- ▶ Learning conflict clauses
- ▶ Random restarts
- ▶ Parallel SAT solver
 - ▶ Hard to beat sequential version
- ▶ ...

Input Format

c

c start with comments

c

p cnf 5 3

1 -5 4 0

-1 5 3 4 0

-3 -4 0

Useful Links

- ▶ <http://baldur.iti.kit.edu/sat-race-2015/>
- ▶ <http://www.satcompetition.org/2014/>
- ▶ <http://www.cs.cornell.edu/gomes/papers/satsolvers-kr-handbook.pdf>
- ▶ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Boolean_satisfiability_problem
- ▶ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/DPLL_algorithm
- ▶ <http://people.mpi-inf.mpg.de/~sofronie/lecture-ar-09/slides/lecture-14-may.pdf>
- ▶ <http://people.mpi-inf.mpg.de/~sofronie/lecture-ar-09/slides/lecture-14-may.pdf>
- ▶ <http://webcourse.cs.technion.ac.il/236342/Winter2011-2012/ho/WCFiles/Tut14.pdf>